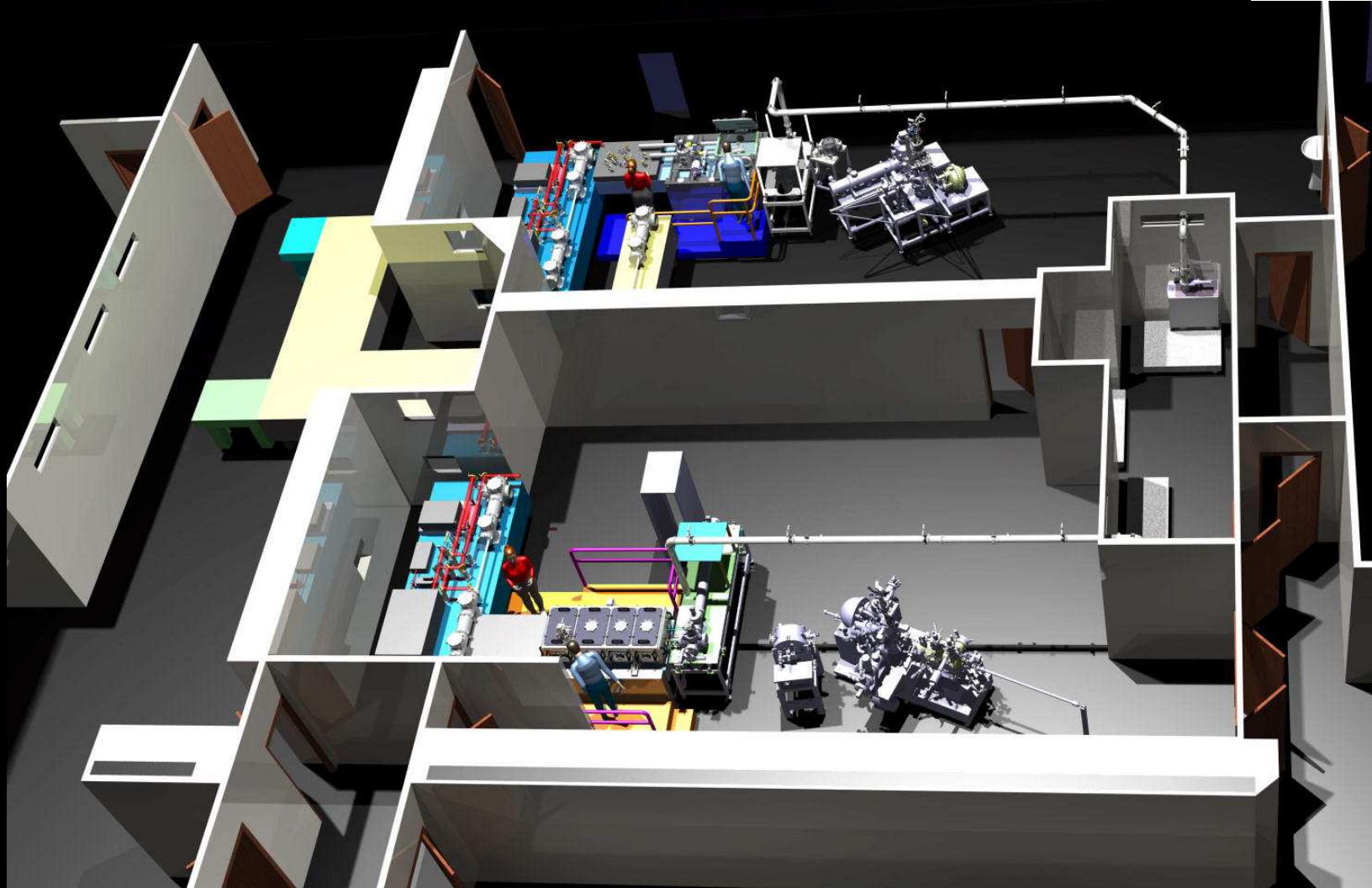


# FAB1 XUV: A high-energy flexible atto beamline

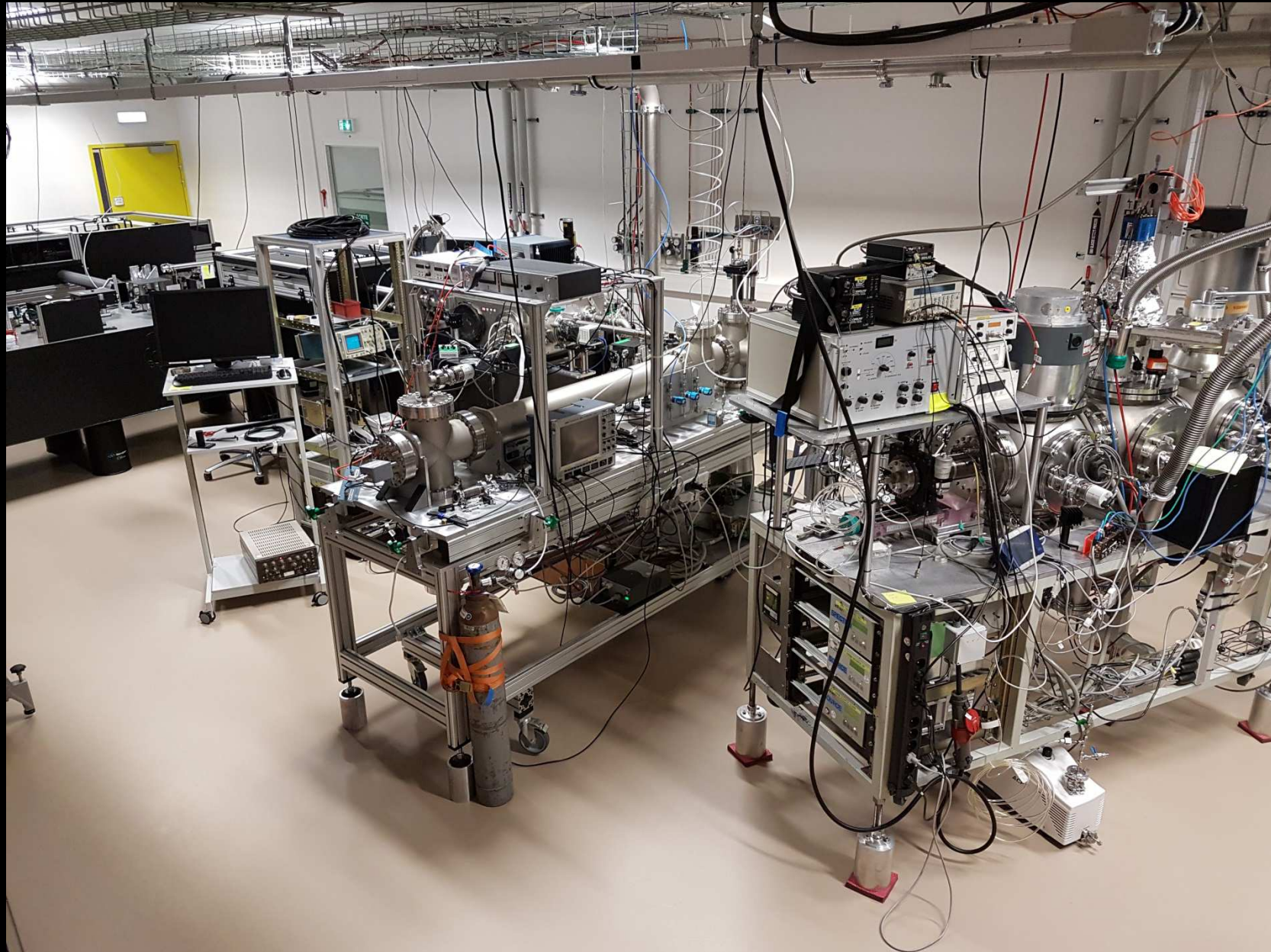
ATTO  
Lab



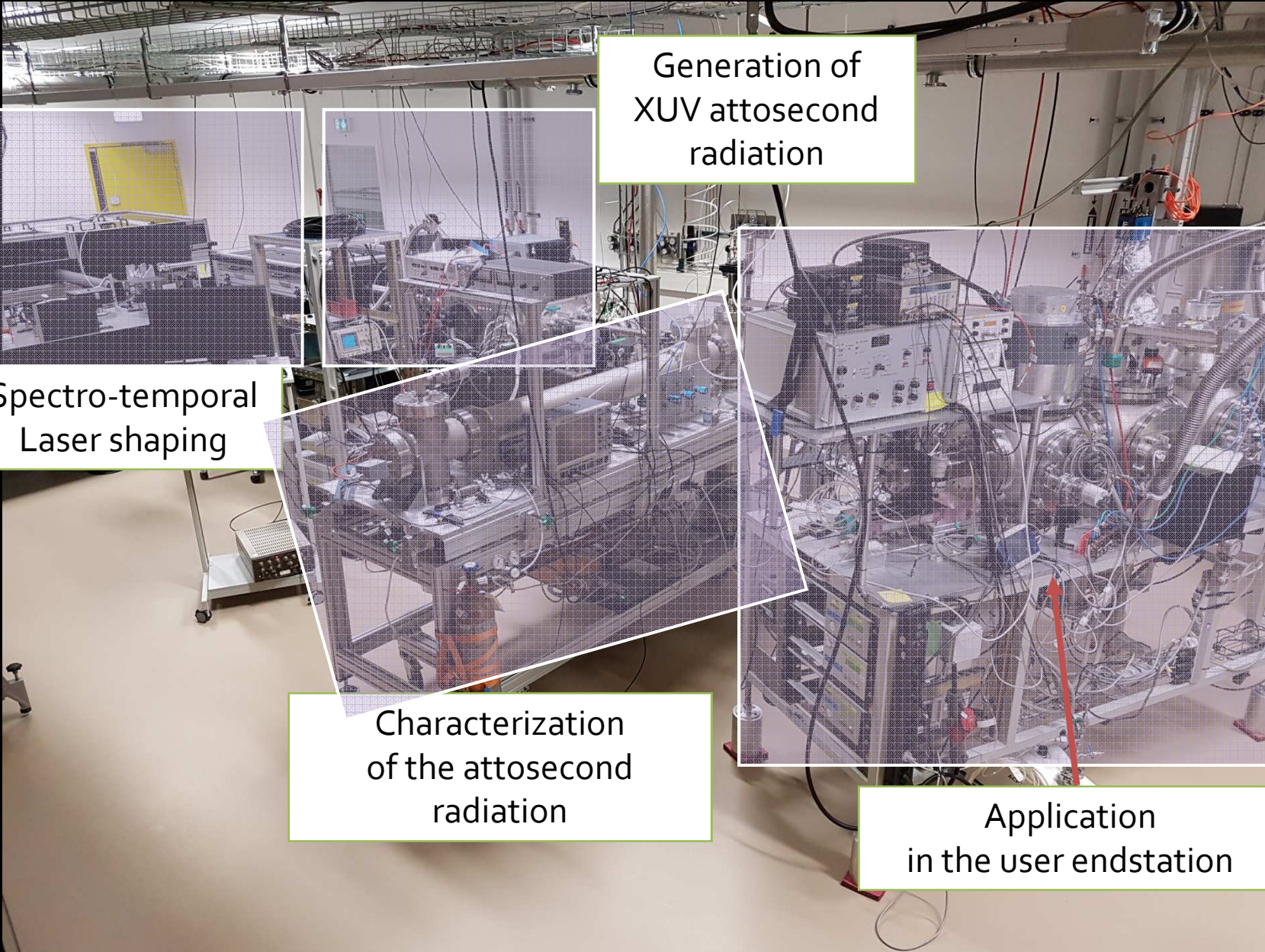
D. Platzer, M. Turconi, A. Borot, C. Alexandridi, M. Lejman,  
A. Autuori, D. Bresteau, P. Salières *et al.*



# FAB1 atto beamline: 4 blocks



# FAB1 atto beamline: 4 blocks



Generation of  
XUV attosecond  
radiation

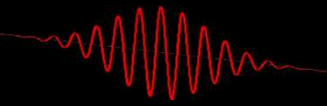
Spectro-temporal  
Laser shaping

Characterization  
of the attosecond  
radiation

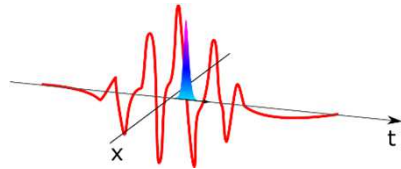
Application  
in the user endstation

# Block 1: Spectro-temporal laser shaping

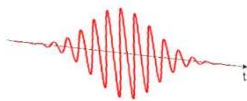
15 mJ  
24 fs  
1 kHz



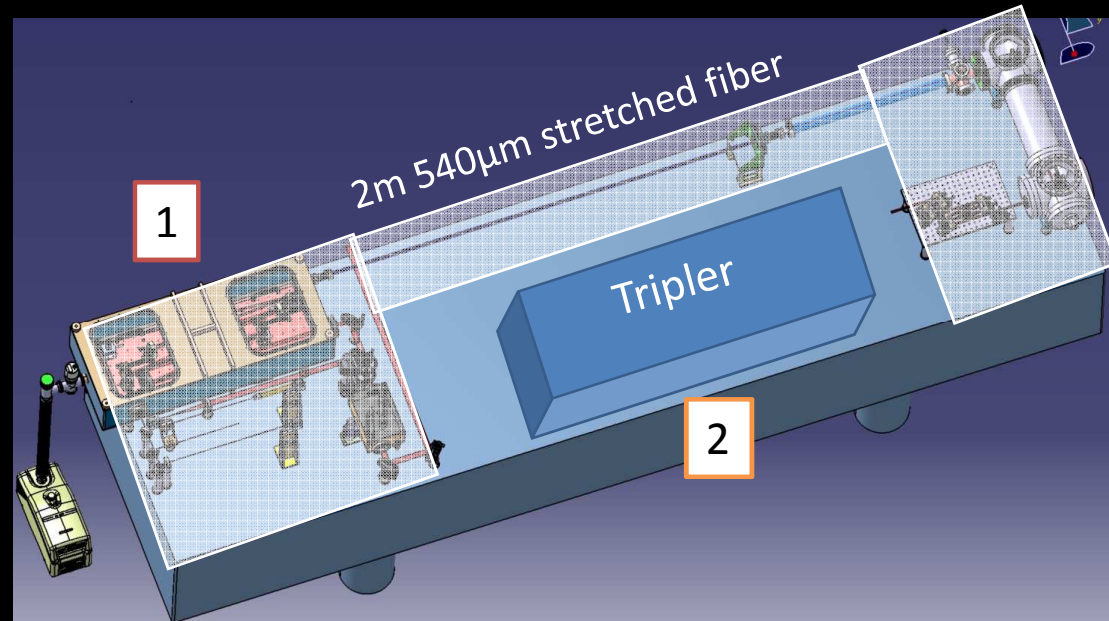
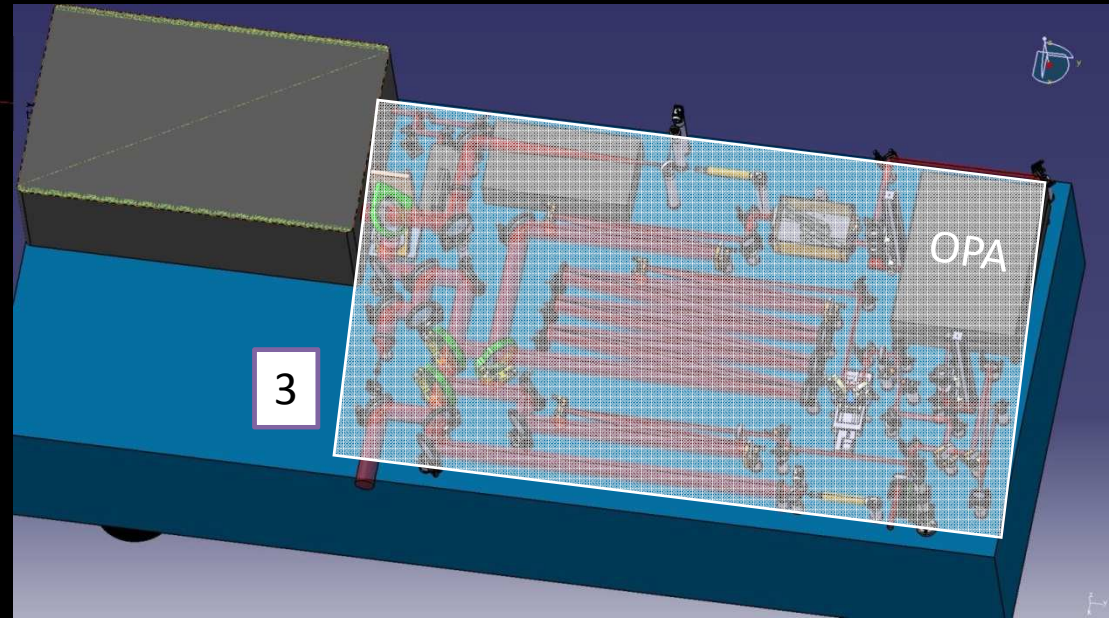
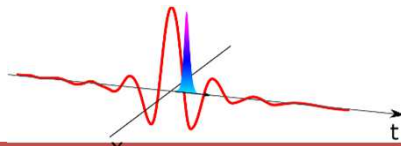
Line 3: OPA + IR  
2-color waveform synthesis



Line 2- 3w  
Tripler

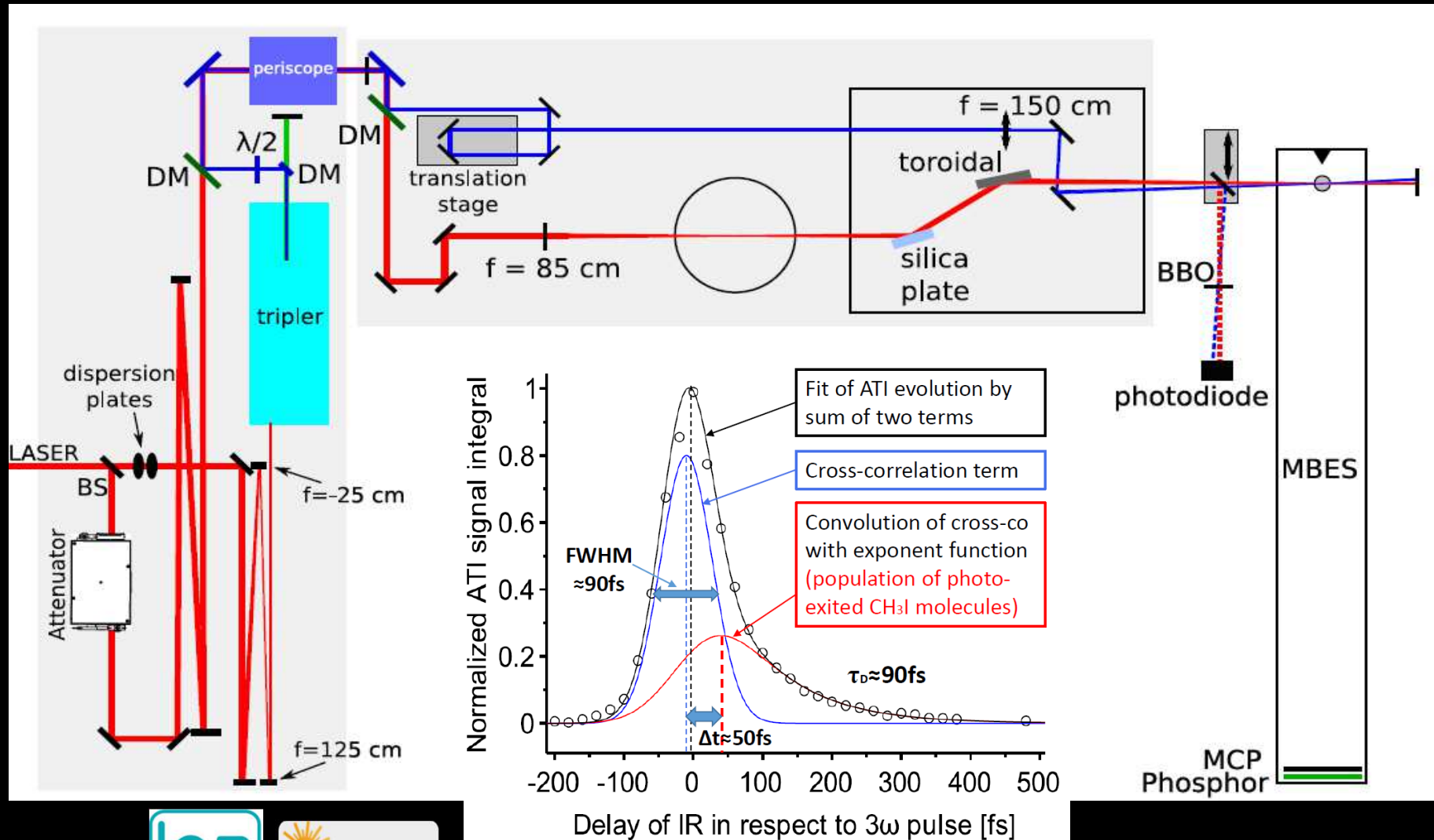


Line 1  
quasi-monocycle IR pulse

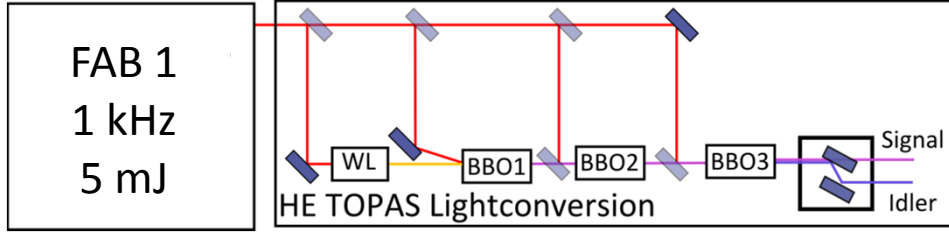


# Tripler installation for $3\omega$ +IR/XUV pump-probe studies

O. Gobert et al.



=> M. Lejman talk



# Optical Parametric Amplifier

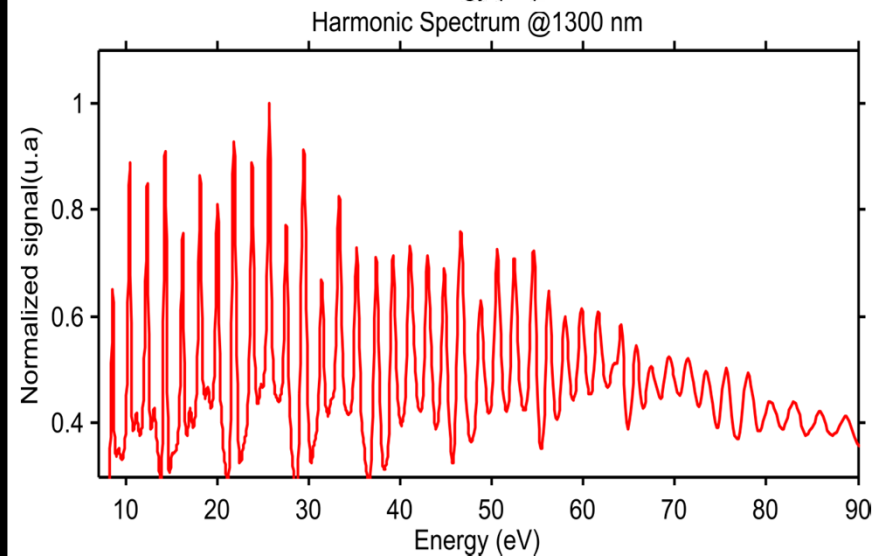
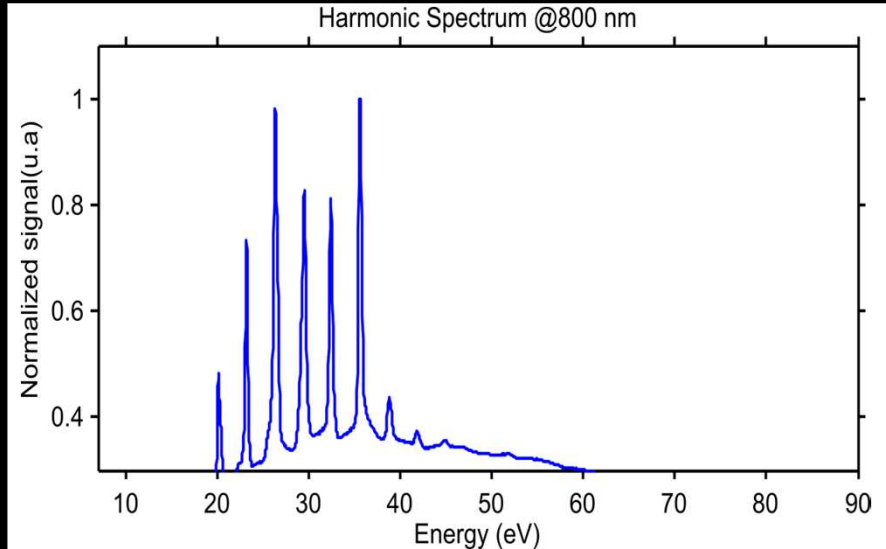
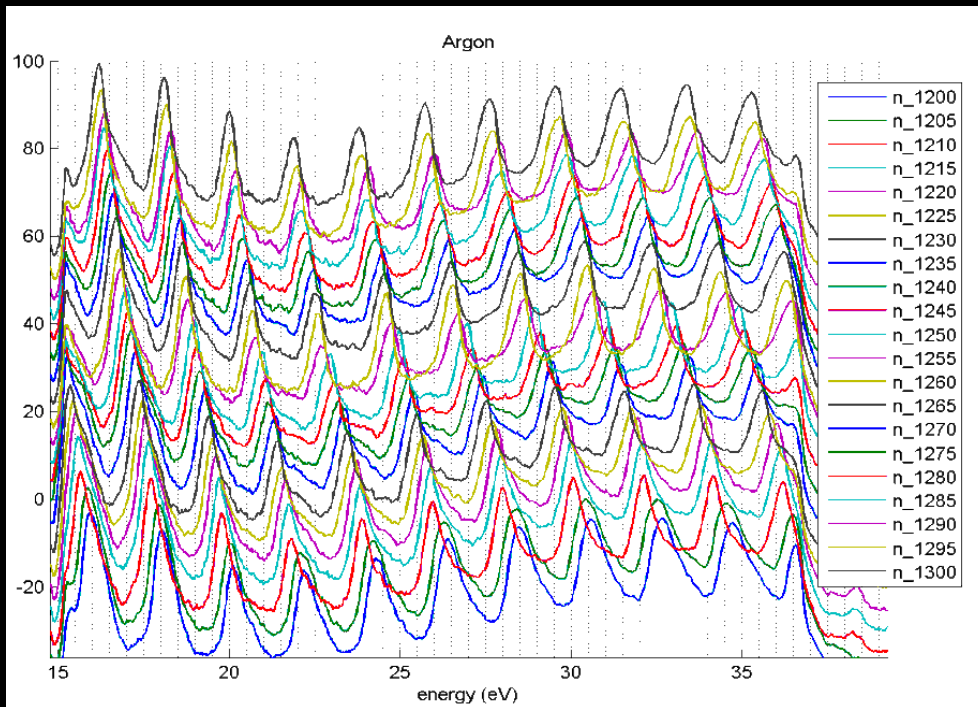
Harmonic spectrum increase:

$$h\nu_{\text{cutoff}} \sim I_p + \alpha I \lambda^2$$

Signal+idler: [1.1-2.2]  $\mu\text{m}$   
1 mJ max energy

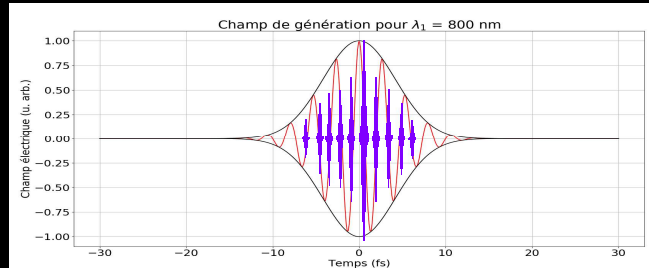
XUV harmonic tunability:

$\lambda$



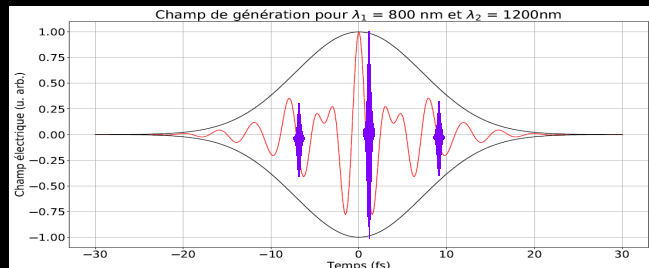
# Generation of isolated atto pulses by waveform synthesis

Generation with laser at 800 nm



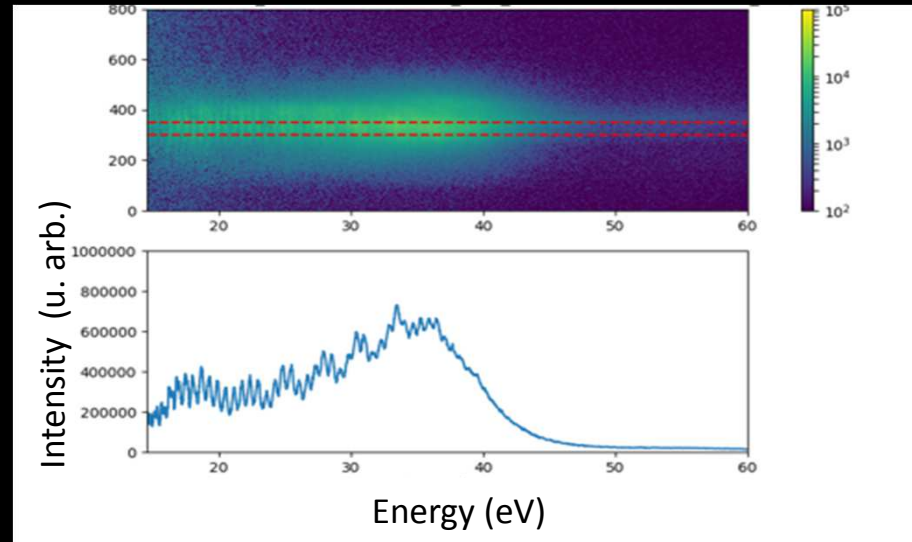
=> 1 atto pulse every  $\frac{1}{2}$  cycle: atto pulse train

Generation by frequency mixing of 800 nm with OPA at 1200 nm



=> 1 main atto pulse at the envelope maximum

Spectrum generated by 800+1200 mixing (data of 2018)



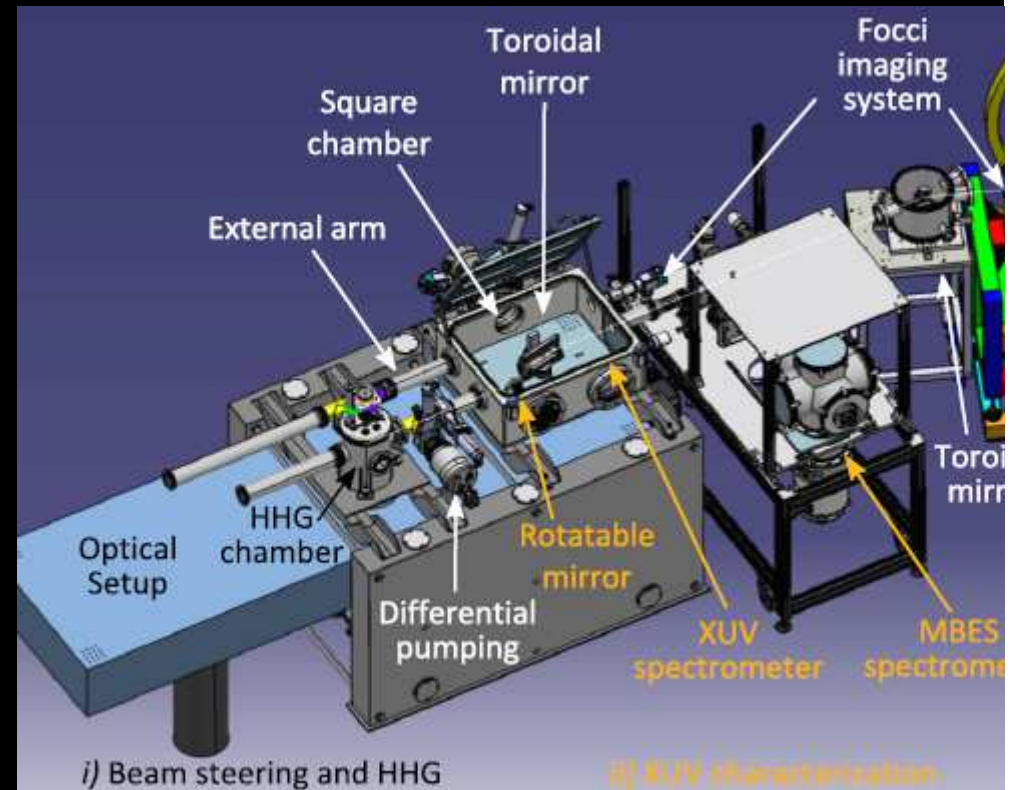
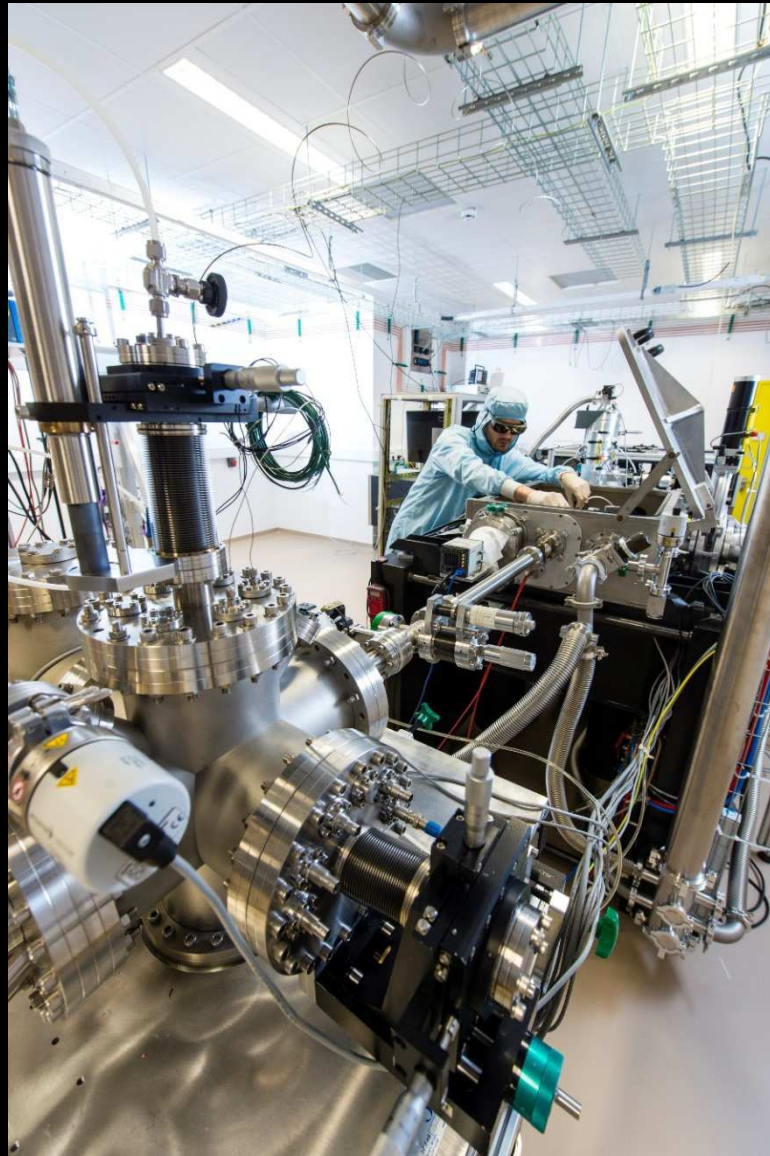
=> Fast beatings at low energies: new period  $\sim 9$  fs due to secondary

=> Continuum at high energies: **suggests an isolated pulse**

## Future work:

- Stabilization the OPA-laser delay and laser CEP
- Temporal characterization of the generated pulses

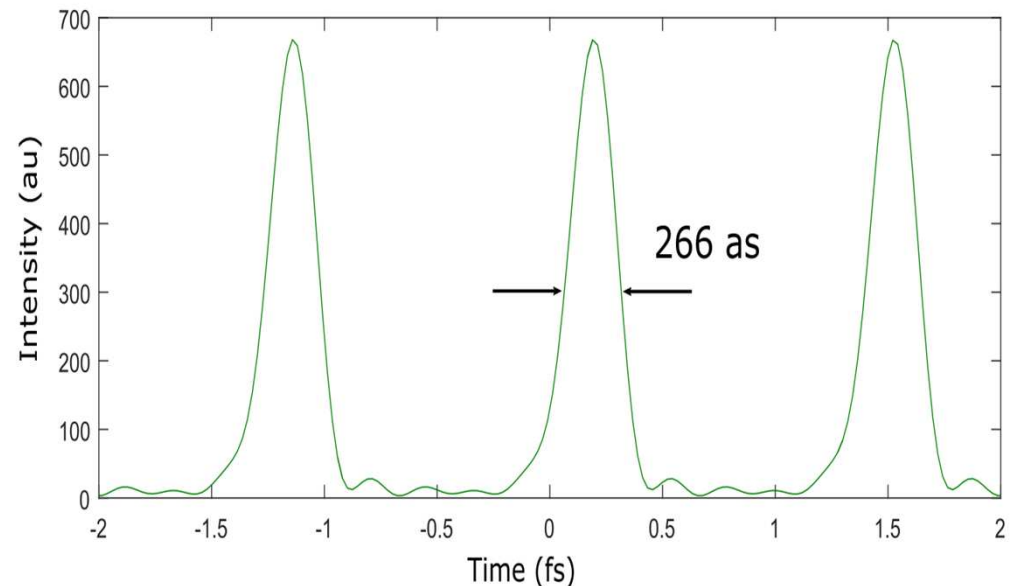
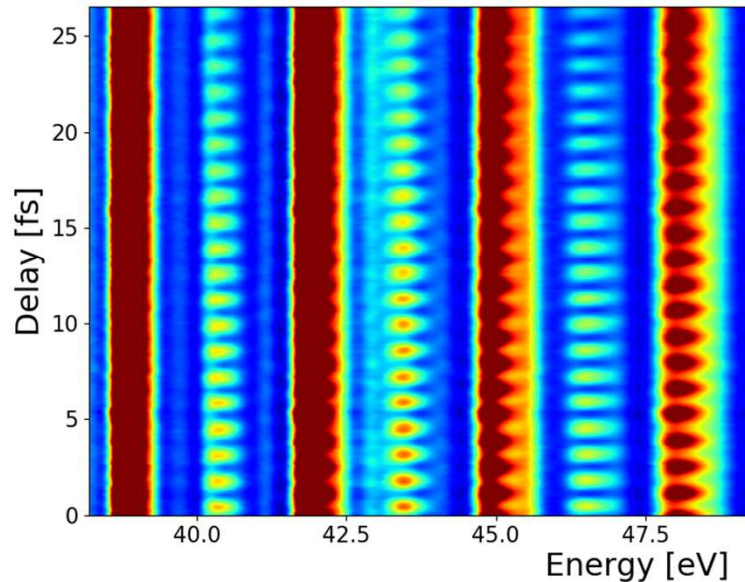
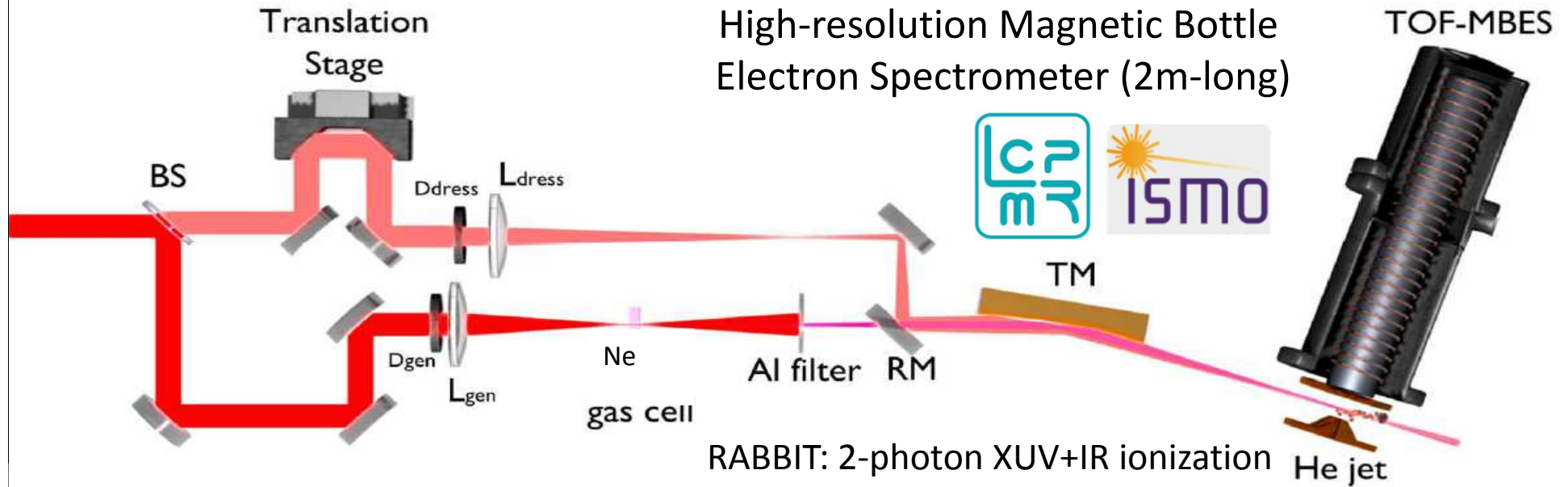
# Block 2: Generation of XUV attosecond radiation



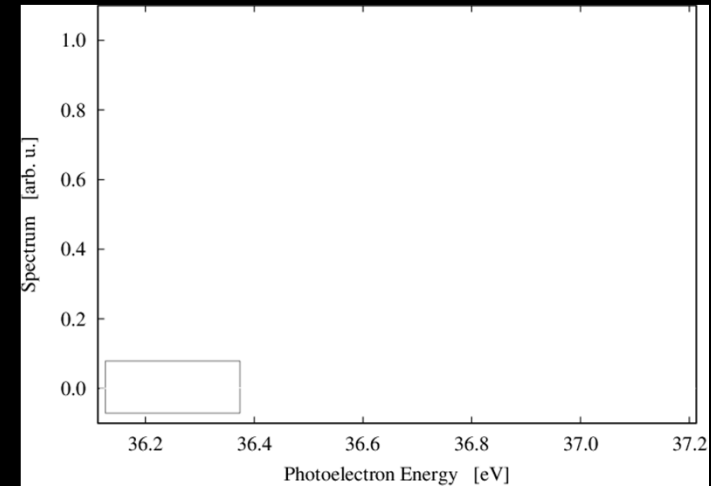
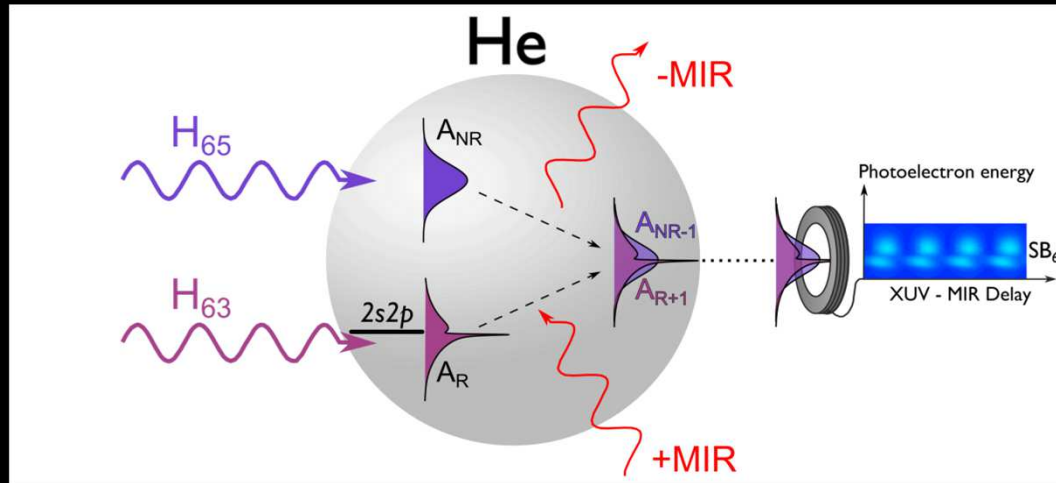
Operational in February 2017 with spectral and temporal characterization



# Block 3: Temporal characterization with RABBIT

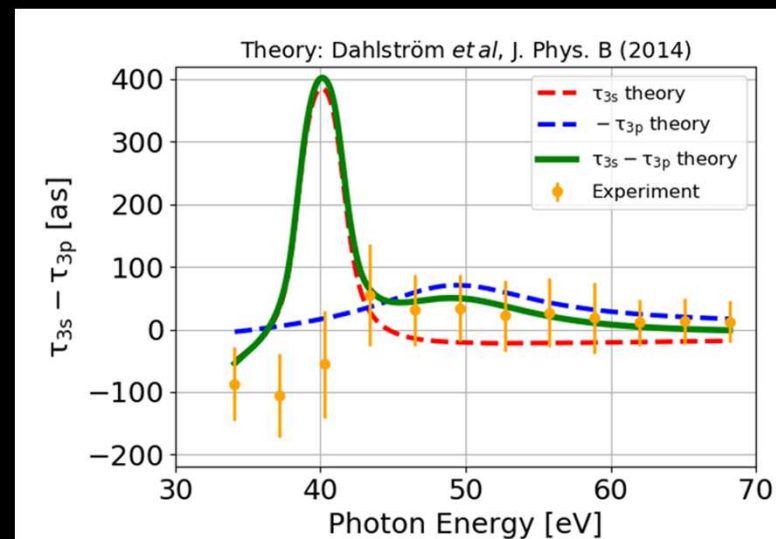
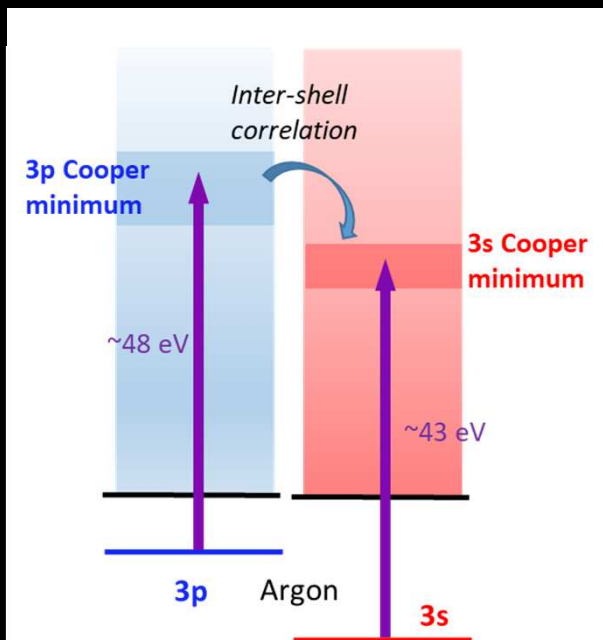


# Block 3: Attosecond spectroscopy



Rainbow RABBIT => Reconstruction of the resonance buildup with attosecond resolution

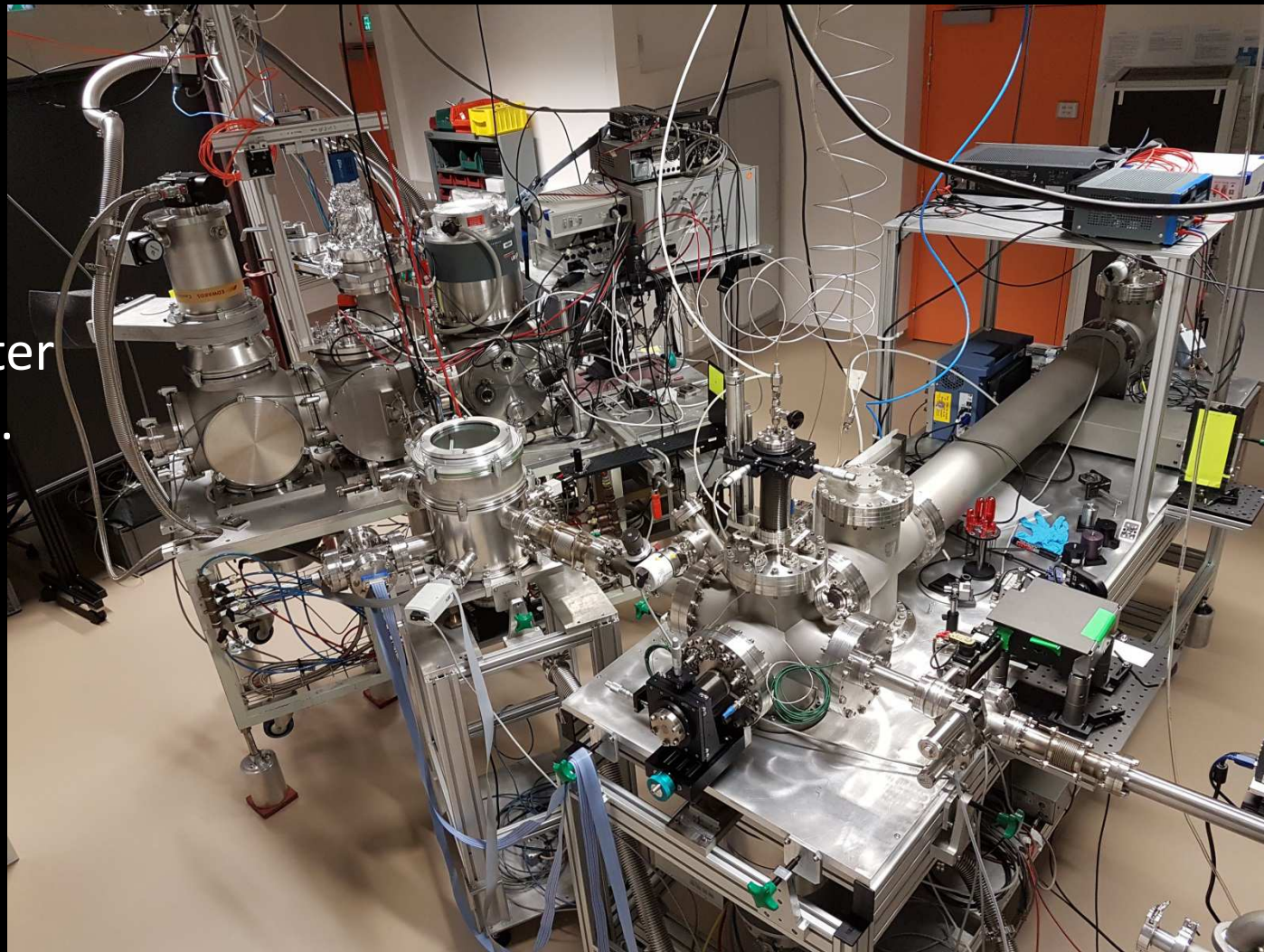
V. Gruson, et al. Science (2016)



=> D. Platzer talk

## Block 4: User endstation

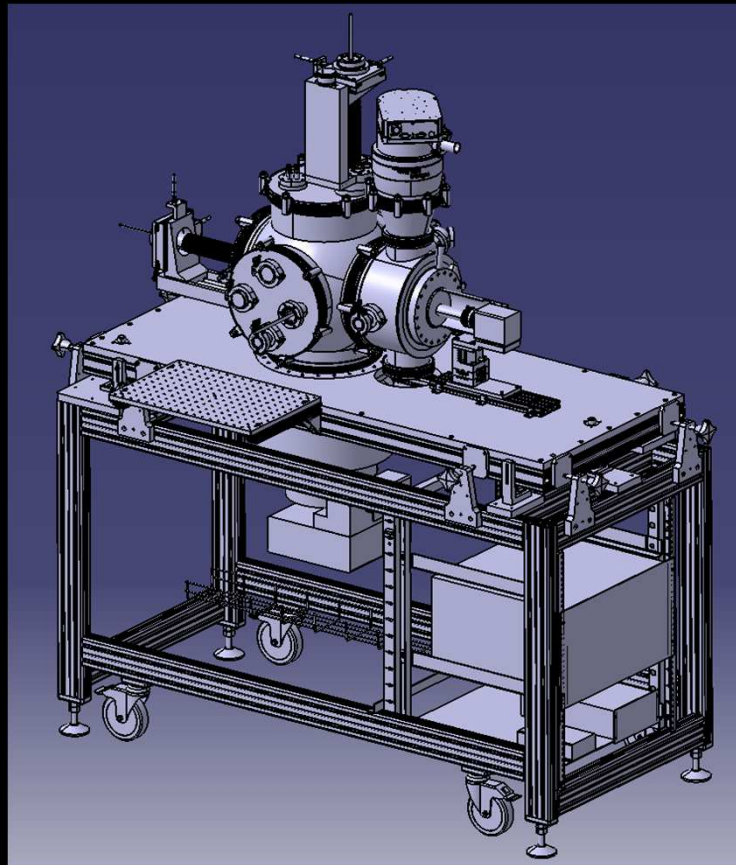
VMI spectrometer  
L. Poisson et al.



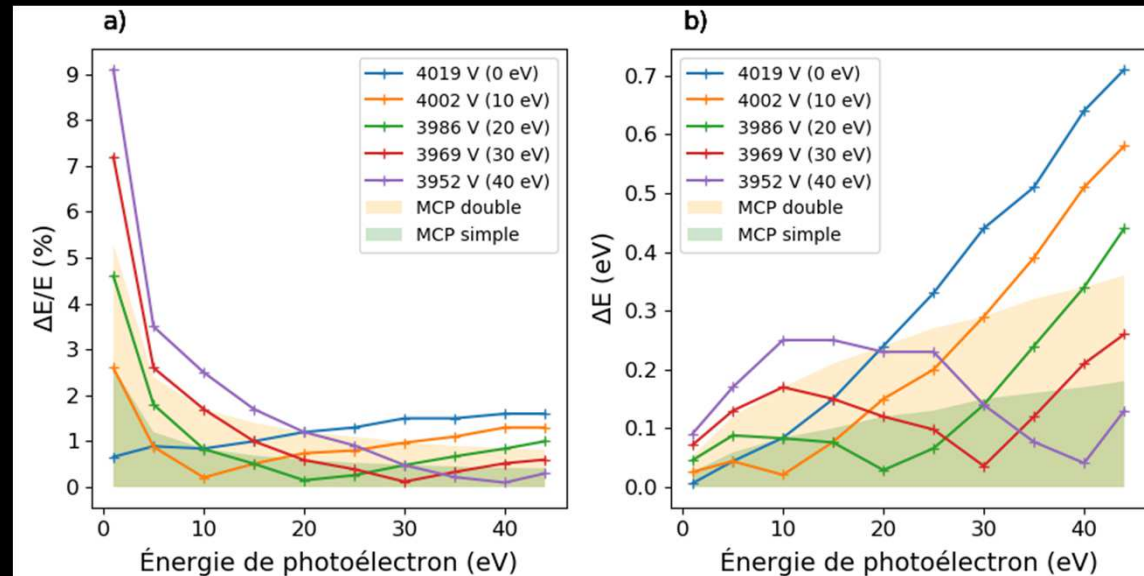
Measurement of angularly-resolved attosecond photoionization delays

# Block 4: Development of a high resolution VMI

D. Platzer, C. Pothier, L. Poisson and P. Salières



New lens design



- Up to 50 eV photoelectron energy
- High resolution in order to perform Rainbow Rabbit

# FAB1 XUV: A high-energy flexible atto beamline

=> Many possibilities of spectro-temporal shaping

=> pump-probe spectroscopy using MIR/IR/UV/XUV photons

=> multi-beam experiments: alignment/excitation/probe