

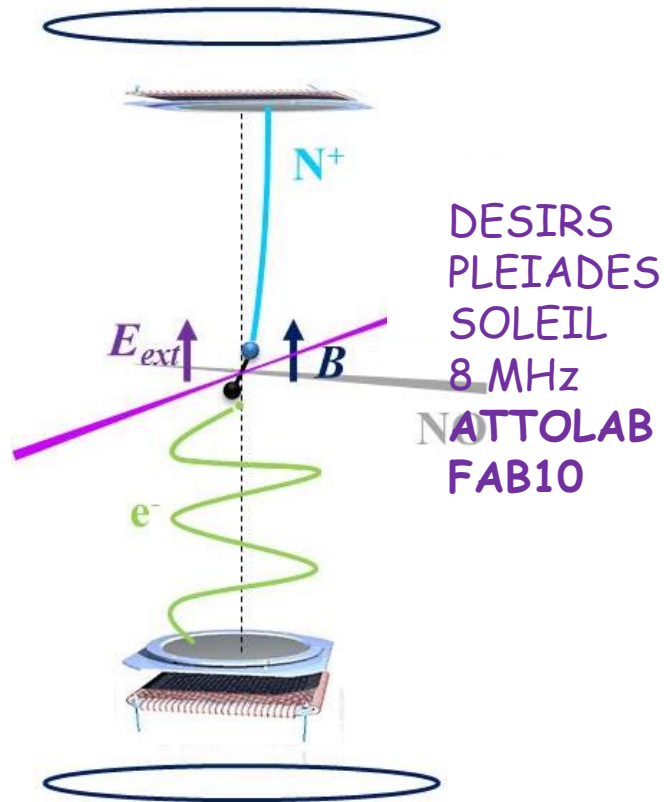
Angularly resolved RABBITT experiments in the gas phase on FAB 10

Danielle Dowek, Institut des Sciences Moléculaires d'Orsay (ISMO)

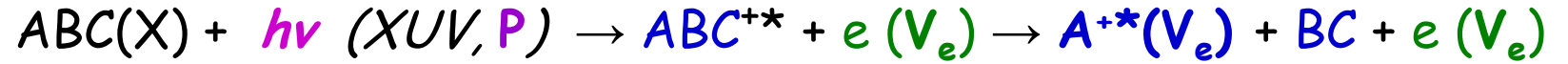


Photoionization of molecules: Electron-ion coincidence 3D momentum Spectroscopy

$$(V_{A^+}, V_e, P)$$

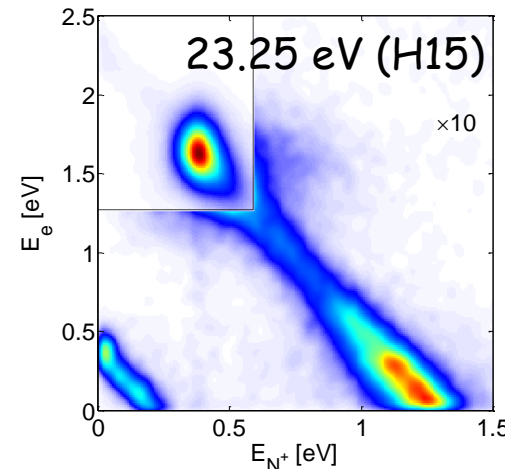


Dissociative photoionization of simple molecules

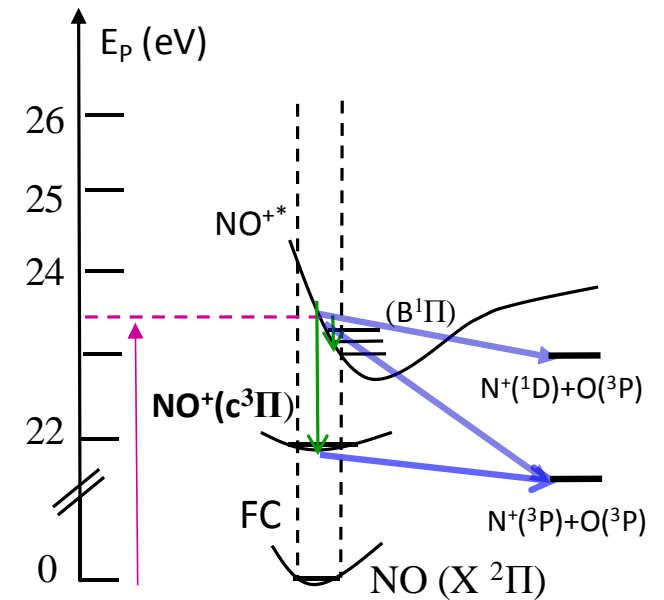


Energy and angular **observables** (laboratory and Molecular Frame)

Kinetic energy correlation diagram
(e, A^+) **KECD** resolving power



Identify ionic states and dissociation limits
Branching ratios



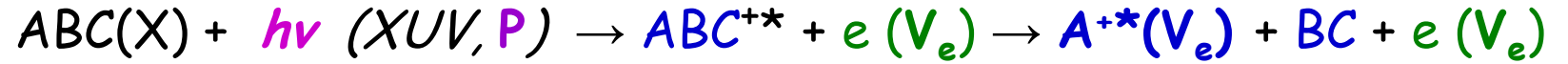
Gisselbrecht et al., RSI 76, 013105 (2005)
Lebech et al., RSI 73, 1866 (2002)
S.J. Weber et al RSI 86, 033108 (2015)

→ **Molecular Frame Photoelectron Angular Distribution**

Photoionization of molecules: Electron-ion coincidence 3D momentum Spectroscopy

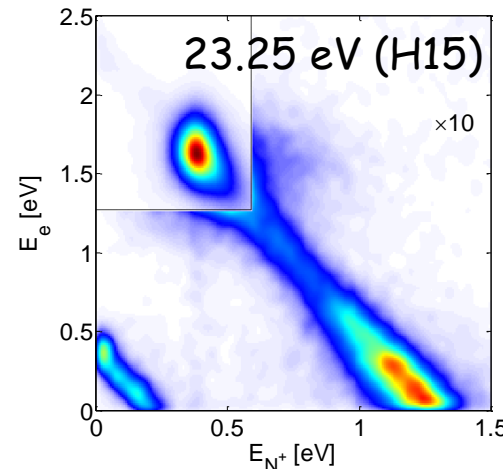
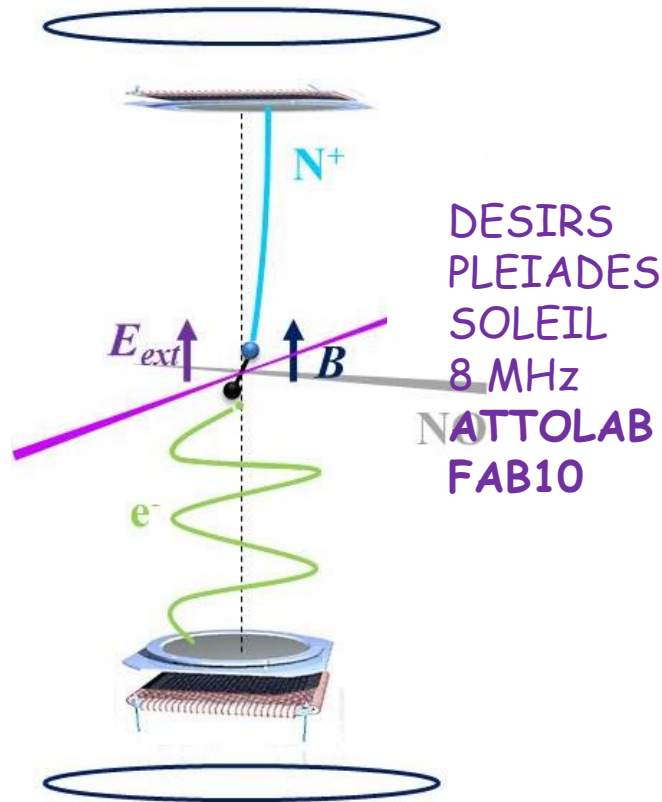
$$(V_{A^+}, V_e, P)$$

Dissociative photoionization of simple molecules

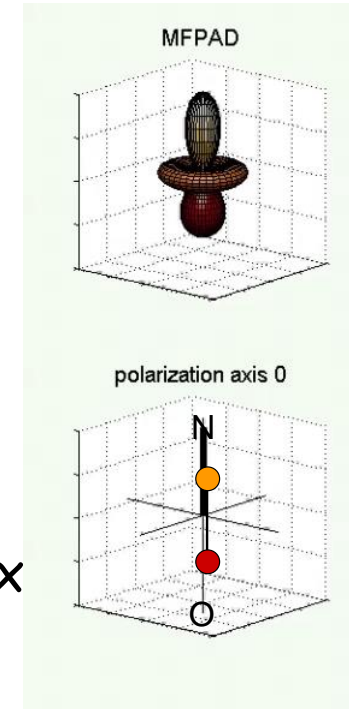


Energy and angular **observables** (laboratory and Molecular Frame)

Kinetic energy correlation diagram
(e, A^+) **KECD** resolving power



MFPAD



$$T_{fi}(\theta_e, \phi_e, \chi)$$

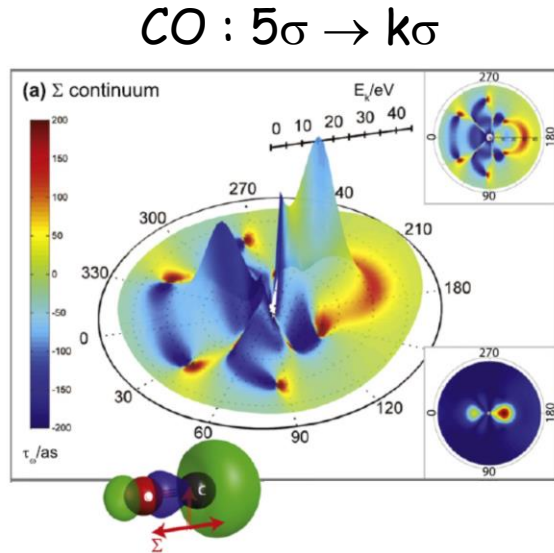
$$I_{lm\mu}^{M_i M_f} = \langle \psi_{M_i}^i | d_\mu | \phi_{M_f}^f \psi_{lm}^{(-)} \rangle$$

$$\approx d_{lm\mu} \exp(-\eta_{lm\mu})$$

$n \text{ events/pulse} \ll 1$

Complete experiments: access to the complex dipole matrix elements
Valence and inner shell photoionization
Photoionization and photo dissociation dynamics

Motivation: Time delays in molecular photoionization, angularly resolved in the MF



Electron wave packet:

$$\Psi_g = \sum_{l,m} \Psi_{l,m}$$

$$I_{lm\mu}^{M_i M_f} = \langle \psi_{M_i}^i | d_\mu | \phi_{M_f}^f \psi_{lm}^{(-)} \rangle \approx d_{lm\mu} \exp(-\eta_{lm\mu})$$

Photoionization amplitude

$$A_{MF}(\varepsilon, \hat{k}_e, \hat{R}_\chi) = \sum_{lm\mu} I_{lm\mu} Y_{lm}(\hat{k}_e) D_{\mu m_p}(\hat{R}_\chi)$$

Time delay

$$\tau_{W-MF}(\varepsilon, \hat{k}_e, \hat{R}_\chi) = \frac{\partial}{\partial \varepsilon} \arg \left\{ \sum_{lm\mu} I_{lm\mu} Y_{lm}(\hat{k}_e) D_{\mu m_p}(\hat{R}_\chi) \right\}$$

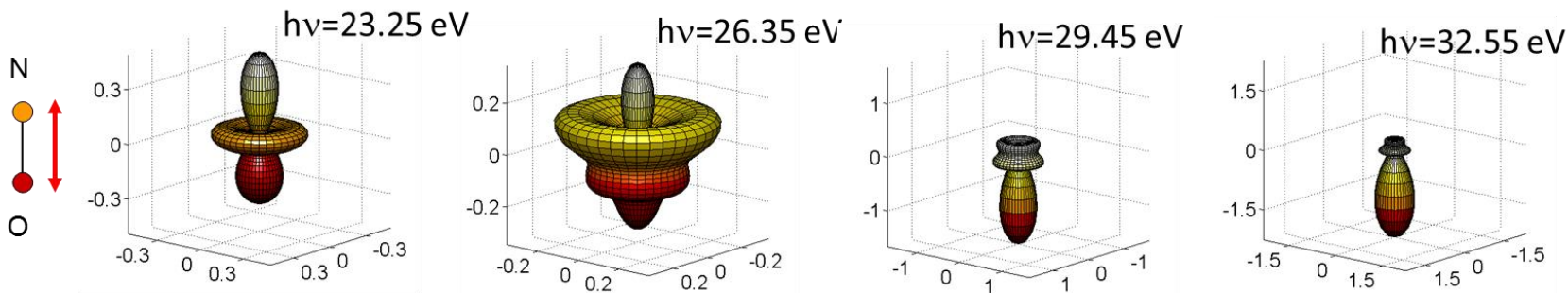
Hockett et al., *J.Phys.B* 49 095602 (2016)

D. Baykusheva and H.J. Wörner., *JCP.* 146, 124306 (2017)

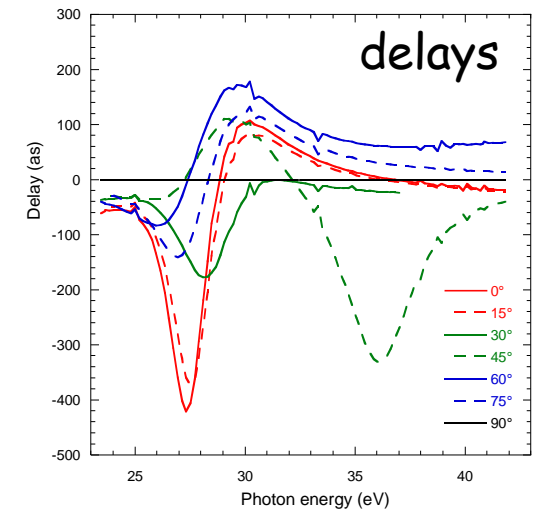
Vos et al., *Science* 360 1326 (2018)

NO ($X^2\Pi$) + $h\nu$ (APT) \rightarrow NO $^+(c^3\Pi \ 4\sigma^{-1})$

Résonance de forme : $4\sigma \rightarrow k\sigma$



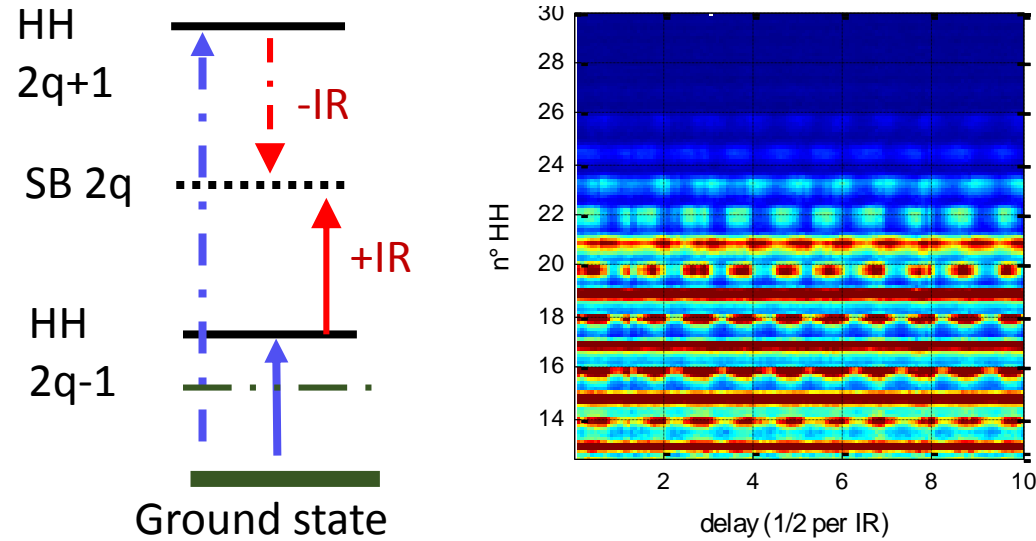
Veyrinas et al., *Faraday Discussions*, 2016, 194, 161 - 183



R.R. Lucchese private com.

Two-photon XUV-IR photoionization in the RABBITT scheme

Reconstruction of Attosecond Beating by Two-photon Transition: XUV APT (comb of HHs) and IR



$$I_{SB}(\tau) = A + B \cos(2\omega\tau + C)$$

$$C = \Delta\phi_{HH} + \Delta\phi_A$$

$$\Delta\phi_A = \Delta\phi_W + \Delta\phi_{cc}$$

$$\tau_W = \Delta\phi_W / 2\omega$$

$$\tau_W(\varepsilon) = \frac{\partial \delta_l}{\partial \varepsilon}$$

Wigner Phys. Rev. 98 145 (1955)
Smith Phys. Rev. 118 349 (1960)

$$I_{SB}(\theta, \tau) = A(\theta) + B(\theta) \cos(2\omega\tau + C(\theta))$$

Atomic target:

Véniard, V. et al. (1996). *Physical Review A*, 54 (1), 721.

Paul, P. M., et al. *Science* (2001) 292, 1689.

ES Toma HG Muller J. Phys.B (2002) 35, 3435

Haessler et al., *PRA* 80, 011404 (2009)

Klünder et al., *PRL* 106, 143002 (2011)

Dahlström et al Chem. Phys. 414, 53 (2013)

Aseyev, S. A., et al. *PRL* 91.22 (2003): 223902

Picard, Y. J. et al. *Phys. Rev. A* 89, 031401 (2014)

Heuser, S. et al. *Phys. Rev. A* 94, 063409 (2016)

Cirelli. et al. *Nat. Commun.* 9, 955 (2018)

Bray, A. W. et al. *Phys. Rev. A* 97, (2018).

Ivanov, I. A. & Kheifets, A. S. *Phys. Rev. A* 96, (2017).

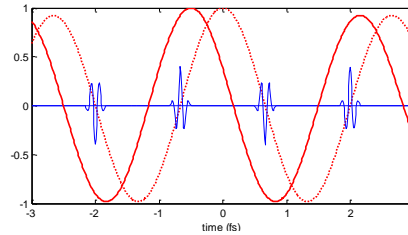
Loriot et al *J. Opt.* 19, 114003 (2017)

Fuchs et al arXiv: 1907.03607 v1 [physics. atom-ph]

Electron-ion coincidence momentum spectroscopy @ ATTOLAB-FAB10 XUV-IR beamline

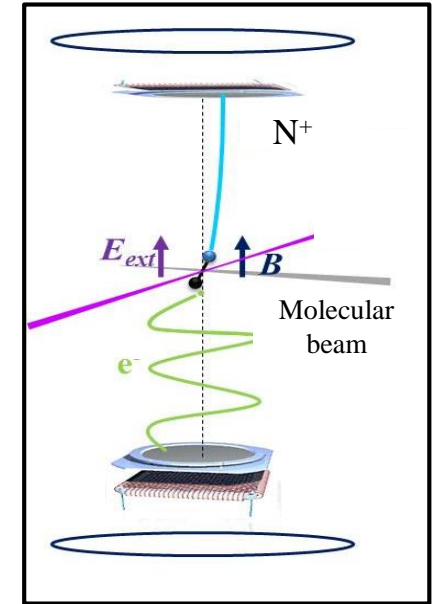
- XUV spectrometer
 - spectral/spatial control
 - XUV/IR delay line

- TOF-MBS electron spectrometer
- Spectral phase diagnostic (RABBIT)



Refocusing unit

Differential pumping
HV→UHV



Harmonic source (gas)

3 modes of XUV spectral / temporal selection

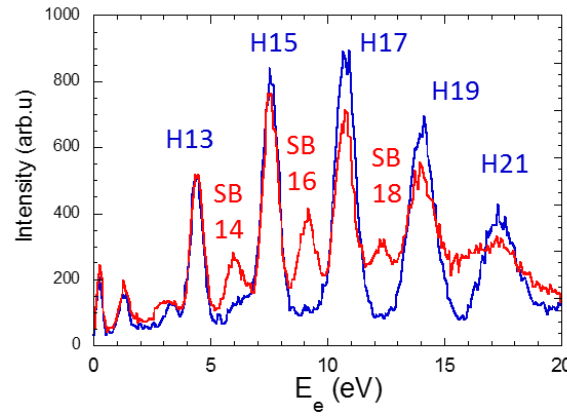
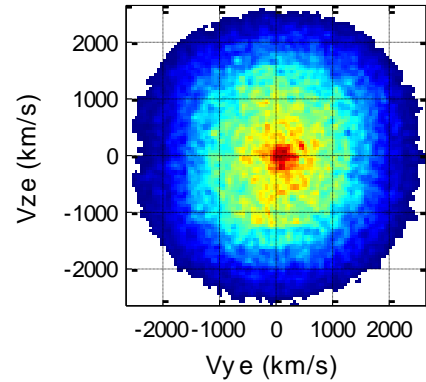
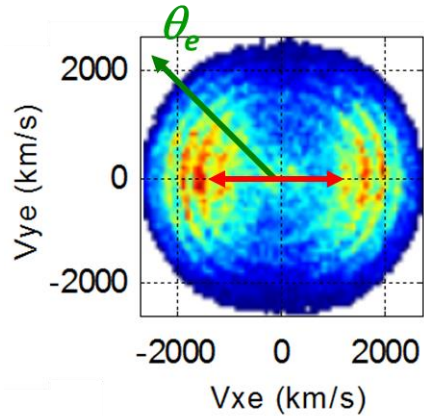
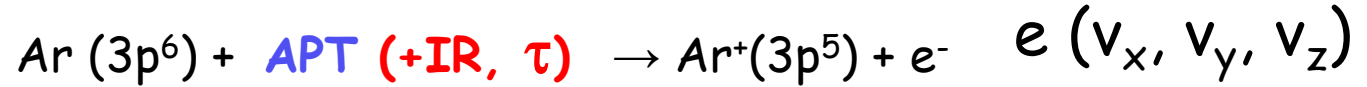
Type	E	ΔE	ΔT	XUV / IR delay
Very broadband	10-100 eV	10-30 eV	100 as	< 100 as
Broadband	32, 54, 91 eV	1-5 eV	1 fs	100 as
Narrowband	5-35 eV 30-60 eV 50-85 eV	100 meV	10 fs	fs

NO and O₂

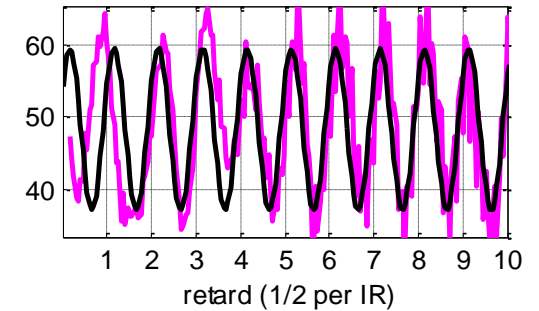
Ar and Ne

Angle resolved RABBITT scheme: Photoemission time delays & XUV-IR photoionization

XUV-IR photoionization of Ar(3p)



SB 16



$$I_{SB}(\theta, \tau) = A(\theta) + B(\theta) \cos(2\omega\tau + C(\theta))$$

$$I_{SB}(\theta, \tau) = h_0(\tau) + h_2(\tau) P_2(\cos\theta) + h_4(\tau) P_4(\cos\theta)$$

$$h_0(\tau) = a_0 + b_0 \cos(2\omega\tau + \phi_0) = I_{SB}(\tau) \quad \square \text{ Set of nine coefficients}$$

$$h_2(\tau) = a_2 + b_2 \cos(2\omega\tau + \phi_2)$$

$$h_4(\tau) = a_4 + b_4 \cos(2\omega\tau + \phi_4)$$

$$(a_i, b_i, \phi_i)$$

$$\beta_2 = \frac{a_2}{a_0} \quad \beta_4 = \frac{a_4}{a_0}$$

$$\gamma_2 = \frac{b_2}{b_0} \quad \gamma_4 = \frac{b_4}{b_0}$$

$$\phi_{20} = \phi_2 - \phi_0 \quad \phi_{40} = \phi_4 - \phi_0$$

$I_{SB}(\theta, \tau)$ PAD: formal expansion in state-to-state transition matrix elements

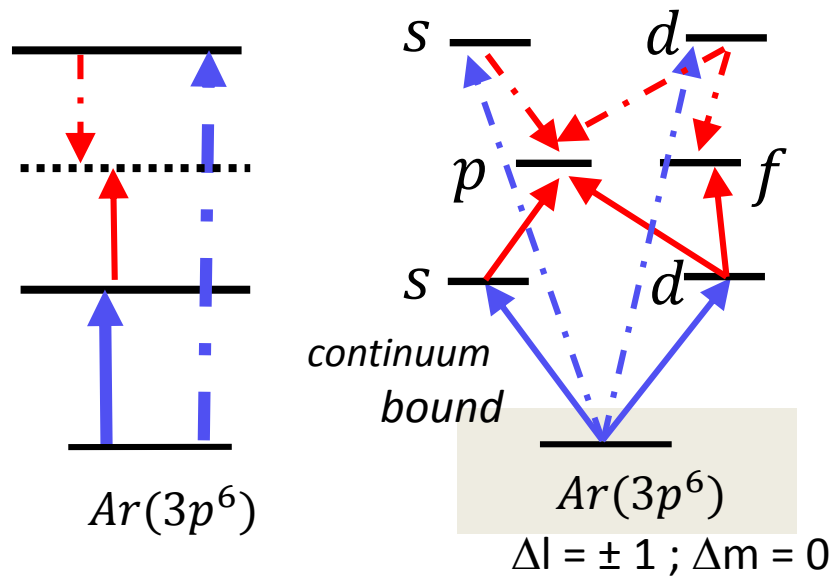


Table 1. The m -independent radial parts ($l_i l' l_f$) of the matrix elements.

Transition	(psp)	(pdp)	(pdf)
11 + IR	$218.61 - i\pi 12$	$98.85 - i\pi 131.71$	$-105.92 + i\pi 300.93$
13 + IR	$184.21 - i\pi 23.20$	$228.06 - i\pi 100.71$	$-109.65 + i\pi 204.17$
15 + IR	$158.12 - i\pi 28.15$	$239.46 - i\pi 64.57$	$-69.98 + i\pi 145.4$
17 + IR	$137.63 - i\pi 29.74$	$216.63 - i\pi 37.66$	$-39.08 + i\pi 104.49$
13 - IR	$89.16 - i\pi 36.48$	$61.55 - i\pi 178.13$	$-14.76 + i\pi 89.25$
15 - IR	$89.79 - i\pi 36.02$	$196.89 - i\pi 114.78$	$-17.47 + i\pi 82.34$
17 - IR	$86.06 - i\pi 34.67$	$208.93 - i\pi 68.41$	$-11.3 + i\pi 67.71$
19 - IR	$80.78 - i\pi 34.07$	$179.56 - i\pi 38.23$	$-4.73 + i\pi 52.10$

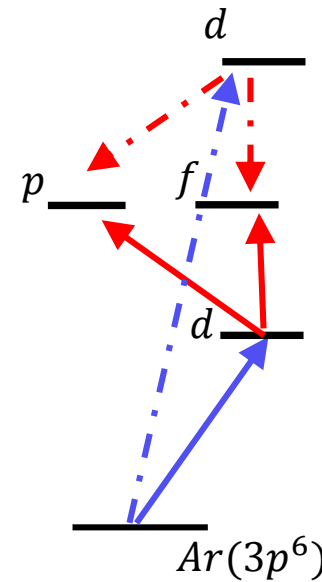


Table 2. The l -dependent phase shifts for final continuum states p ($l_f = 1$) and f ($l_f = 3$).

Sideband	δ_p (rad)	δ_f (rad)
12IR	-6.17	-3.25
14IR	-6.12	-2.66
16IR	-6.10	-2.30
18IR	-6.10	-2.05

pdf- $\sigma_{pdf}^- \delta_{pdf}^-$

pdp- $\sigma_{pdp}^- \delta_{pdp}^-$

pdf+ $\sigma_{pdf}^+ \delta_{pdf}^+$

pdp+ $\sigma_{pdp}^+ \delta_{pdp}^+$

Access to the complex matrix elements in a RABBITT experiment

Example: d intermediate state

$$I_{SB}(\theta, \tau) = \sum_{m'=-1,0,1} \left| (M_{pdp}^m)^+_{2q-1} e^{i\omega\tau} e^{i\delta_{pdp}^+} Y_{1m} + (M_{pdf}^m)^+_{2q-1} e^{i\omega\tau} e^{i\delta_{pdf}^+} Y_{2m} + (M_{pdp}^m)^-_{2q+1} e^{-i\omega\tau} e^{i\delta_{pdp}^-} Y_{1m} + (M_{pdf}^m)^-_{2q+1} e^{-i\omega\tau} e^{i\delta_{pdf}^-} Y_{2m} \right|^2$$

m=0 contribution:

$$h_0(\tau) = \frac{16}{9} \left((\sigma_{pdp}^+)^2 + (\sigma_{pdp}^-)^2 \right) + \frac{12}{7} \left((\sigma_{pdf}^+)^2 + (\sigma_{pdf}^-)^2 \right) + \frac{32}{9} \sigma_{pdp}^+ \sigma_{pdp}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + (\delta_{pdp}^+ - \delta_{pdp}^-)) + \frac{24}{7} \sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdf}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + (\delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdf}^-))$$

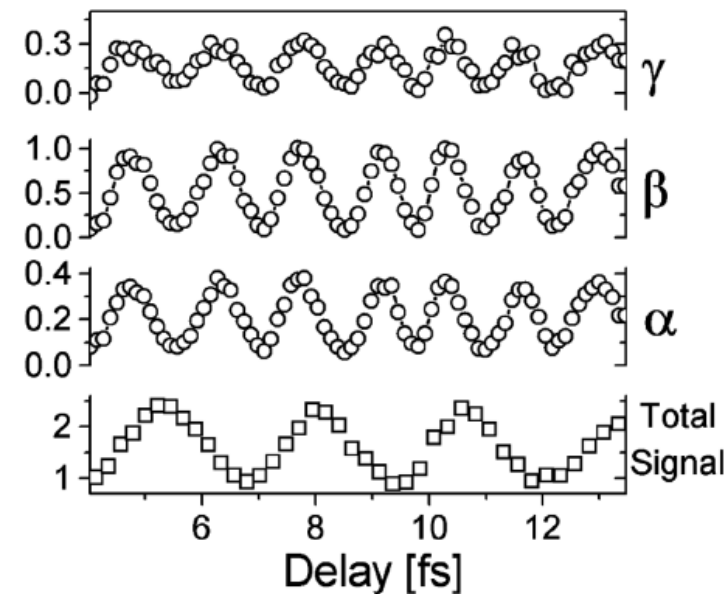
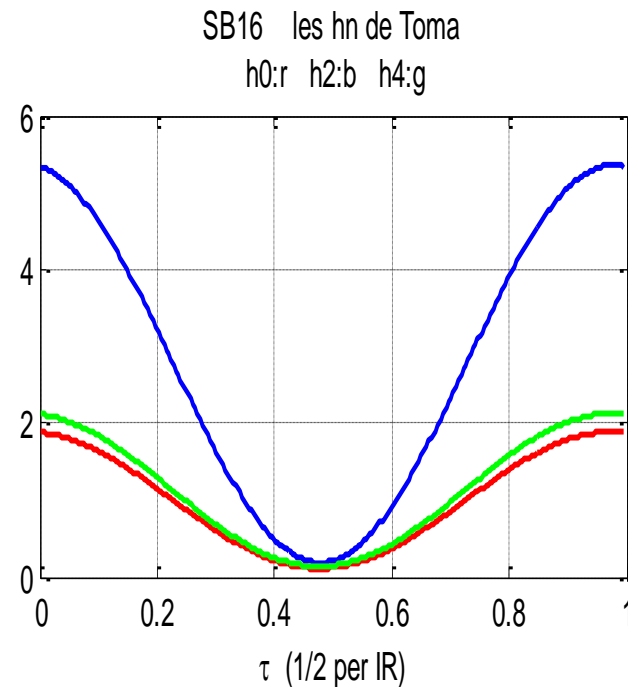
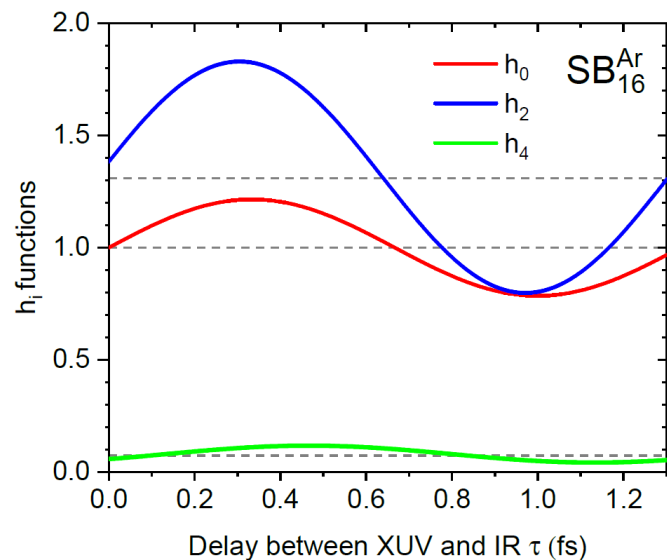
$$h_2(\tau) = \frac{16}{7} [\sigma_{pdf}^{+2} + \sigma_{pdf}^{-2}] + \frac{32}{9} [\sigma_{pdp}^{+2} + \sigma_{pdp}^{-2}] + \frac{48}{7} [\sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdp}^+ \cos(\delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdp}^+) + \sigma_{pdf}^- \sigma_{pdp}^- \cos(\delta_{pdf}^- - \delta_{pdp}^-)] \\ + \frac{32}{7} \sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdf}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + \delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdf}^-) + \frac{64}{9} \sigma_{pdp}^+ \sigma_{pdp}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + \delta_{pdp}^+ - \delta_{pdp}^-) + \frac{48}{7} [\sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdp}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + \delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdp}^-) + \sigma_{pdf}^- \sigma_{pdp}^+ \cos(2\omega\tau - \delta_{pdf}^- + \delta_{pdp}^+)]$$

$$h_4(\tau) = \frac{216}{77} [\sigma_{pdf}^{+2} + \sigma_{pdf}^{-2}] + \frac{64}{7} [\sigma_{pdp}^+ \sigma_{pdp}^+ \cos(\delta_{pdp}^+ - \delta_{pdp}^+) + \sigma_{pdp}^- \sigma_{pdp}^- \cos(\delta_{pdp}^- - \delta_{pdp}^-)] \\ + \frac{432}{77} \sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdf}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + \delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdf}^-) + \frac{64}{7} [\sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdp}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + \delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdp}^-) + \sigma_{pdf}^- \sigma_{pdp}^+ \cos(2\omega\tau - \delta_{pdf}^- + \delta_{pdp}^+)]$$

$$h_6(\tau) = \frac{400}{77} [\sigma_{pdf}^{+2} + \sigma_{pdf}^{-2}] + \frac{800}{77} \sigma_{pdf}^+ \sigma_{pdf}^- \cos(2\omega\tau + \delta_{pdf}^+ - \delta_{pdf}^-)$$

J. Joseph et al (in preparation)

Example of comparison with calculations or experiments



Ar(3p)

$$\begin{aligned} h_0 &= 1 + 0.21 \cos(2\omega\tau) \\ h_2 &= 1.31 + 0.52 \cos(2\omega\tau + 0.134) \\ h_4 &= 0.074 + 0.038 \cos(2\omega\tau - 0.626) \end{aligned}$$

Ar(3p) (Toma)

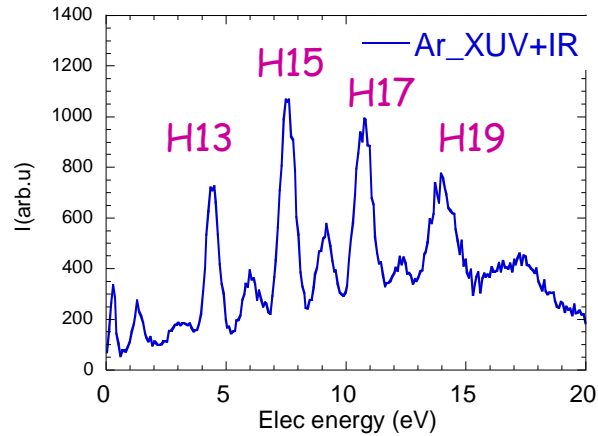
$$\begin{aligned} h_0 &= 1 + 0.888 \cos(2\omega\tau) \\ h_2 &= 2.770 + 2.585 \cos(2\omega\tau - 0.009) \\ h_4 &= 1.131 + 0.993 \cos(2\omega\tau + 0.006) \end{aligned}$$

$$S(n, \theta) = \alpha + \beta P_2(\cos\theta) + \gamma P_4(\cos\theta).$$

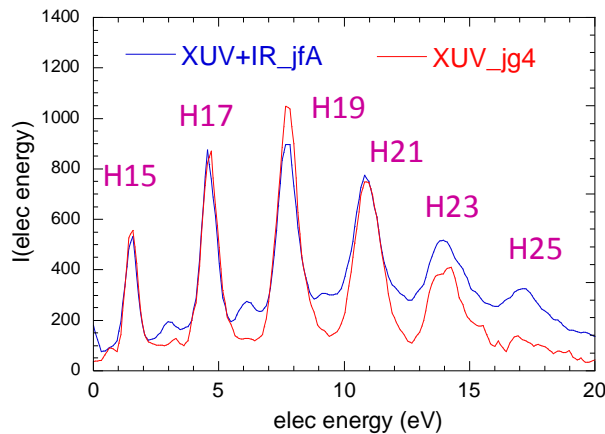
ES Toma HG Muller J. Phys.B 2002

Aseyev, S. A., et al. *PRL* 91.22 (2003)
223902

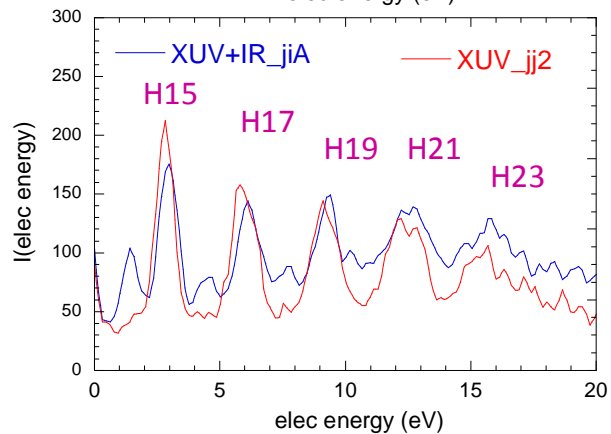
Preliminary results : XUV-IR RABBITT interference: PI NO, O₂



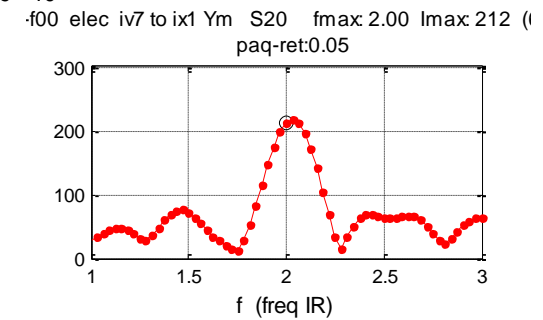
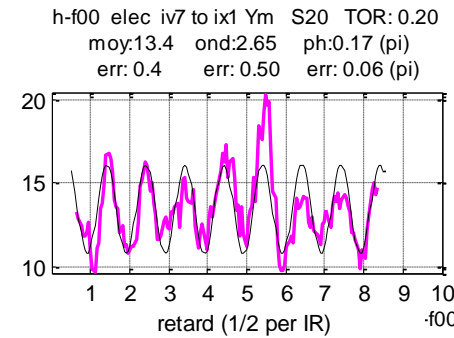
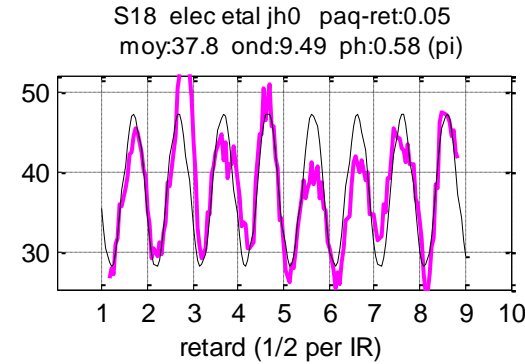
Ar(3p)



NO⁺(c³Π)



O₂⁺(B²Σ_g⁻)...



$$SB_{2q}(\theta, \tau) = A(\theta) + B(\theta)\cos[2\omega\tau - C(\theta)]$$

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